

# 1. Identification of Substance & Company

**Product** 

Product name Dermaprimer HSNO approval HSR002669

Approval description Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard

2006

UN number 1263
Proper Shipping Name PAINT
DG class 3
Packaging group II
Hazchem code 3YE

**Uses** Bituminous solvent-based primer

**Company Details** 

Company Allco Waterproofing Solutions

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 Telephone
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 Website
 www.allco.co.nz

# **Emergency Telephone Number: 021 441 329**

# 2. Hazard Identification

#### **Approval**

This product has been approved under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO, Approval HSR002669, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006), and is classified as follows:

## Classes Hazard Statements

3.1B H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. 6.1E (oral) H303 - May be harmful if swallowed

6.1E (aspiration) H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

6.3A
6.4A
6.7A
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H320 - Causes eye irritation.
H350 - May cause cancer.

6.8B H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

6.9B H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

9.1B H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **SYMBOLS**

# **DANGER**



## **Other Classifications**

There are no other Classifications that are known to apply.





#### **Precautionary Statements**

**Precautionary** Read label before use.

Keep out of reach of children.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Wear protective gloves/eye/face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Do not breathe fume/vapours.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid release to the environment.

Collect spillage.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Further precautionary statements can be found in Section 4 – First Aid.

## 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Bitumen	8052-42-4	47.5-50%
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	64742-82-1	25-25.5%
Xylene	1330-20-7	9-10.5%
Toluene	108-88-3	8.5-10%
Tetrachloroethylene	127-18-4	4.5-5%
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	4.5-5%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

## 4. First Aid

#### **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service).

Recommended first aid Ready access to running water is required. Accessible eyewash is required.

facilities Exposure

Swallowed IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, place

victim face downwards, with the head turned to the side and lower than the hips to

prevent vomit entering the lungs.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Apply continuous irrigation with water for at least 15 minutes

holding eyelids apart. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

**Skin contact** IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash

with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice/attention. Take

off contaminated clothing and wash before re-use.

Inhaled IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

#### **Advice to Doctor**

Treat symptomatically



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# Dermaprimer Safety Data Sheet

# 5. Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards: Vapours may form an explosive mixture in air which can be ignited by many sources such

as pilot lights, open flames, electrical motors, switches and static electricity.

Suitable extinguishing

substances:

...

Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Unknown.

Products of combustion:

Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. May form toxic mixtures in air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying

spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures.

Carbon dioxide, extinguishing powder, foam.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eye protection.

Hazchem code: 3YE

### 6. Accidental Release Measures

**Containment** If greater than 1000L is stored, secondary containment and emergency plans to manage

any potential spills must be in place. In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to

stormwater.

**Emergency procedures** In the event of spillage alert the fire brigade to location and give brief description of

hazard. Stop the source of the leak, if safe to do so. Shut off all possible sources of ignition. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin, eye and respiratory exposure. Clear area of any unprotected personnel. Contain using sand, earth or vermiculite. Do not use sawdust. Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers,

or water courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

Clean-up method

Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Rags are not recommended for the

clean-up of spills, as they may create fire or environmental hazard. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or

waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

**Disposal** Mop up and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

Precautions Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

## 7. Storage & Handling

**Storage** Avoid storage of harmful substances with food. Store out of reach of children.

Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination. Keep from extreme heat and open flames. Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10. Location test certificates must be available if storing >100L (containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use). Containers (and outer packaging) must bear the prescribed labelling, including the Hazchem code, UN number, flammability warning and

name of contents.

**Handling** Keep exposure to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. See

section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye

contact and inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

# 8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment

# **Workplace Exposure Standards**

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 10mg/m³ for dusts and mists when limits have not otherwise been established.

NZ Workplace	Ingredient	WES-TWA	WES-STEL
Exposure Stds	xylene	50ppm, 217mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable
(2013)	tetrachloroethylene	50ppm, 335mg/m <sup>3</sup>	150ppm, 1005mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	toluene	50ppm, 188 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (skin)	data unavailable
	methylene chloride	50ppm, 174mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable
	naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	100ppm, 525mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable
	bitumen	5mg/m <sup>3</sup>	data unavailable

<sup>\*</sup> These workplace exposure standards are also Prescribed Exposure Standards (PES) under the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.
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#### **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

**Eyes** 



Avoid contact with eyes. Use safety glasses and or chemical splash goggles if splashes are possible.

Skin



Protective gloves are recommended. PVA or butyl rubber gloves are recommended. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use.

Respiratory

A respirator when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). Use a respirator with an organic vapour cartridge and a dust/mist filter. If using a respirator, ensure that the cartridges are correct for the potential air contamination and are in good working order.

#### **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

# 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance black liquid solvent odour pH no data
Vapour pressure no data
Viscosity no data
Boiling point >70°C

Volatile materials 63.60%, 700g/L

Freezing / melting point no data

**Solubility** insoluble in water

Specific gravity / density
Flash point
14°C
Danger of explosion
Auto-ignition temperature
Upper & lower flammable limits
Corrosiveness
1.1 kg/L
14°C
no data
no data
non corrosive

## 10. Stability & Reactivity

**Stability** Stable, but can decompose in light.

**Conditions to be avoided** Flammable substance. Keep away from sources of ignition at all times. Containers should

be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Keep out of direct sunlight.

**Incompatible groups** Strong oxidisers, strong acids (e.g. sulphuric acid, nitric acid, perchloric acid), strong

bases perchlorates, alkali and alkali earth metals, aluminium

Substance Specific none known

Incompatibility

Hazardous decomposition

products

Hazardous reactions

Oxides of carbon, hydrogen chloride, phosgene, chlorine and chlorine compounds,

dioxins.

none known



# **Toxicological Information**

#### **Summary**

IF SWALLOWED: this mixture presents an aspiration hazard. The introduction of even small quantities of this liquid into the respiratory system in case of ingestion or vomit may cause bronchopneumonia and pulmonary edema.

IF IN EYES: may cause irritation. IF ON SKIN: may cause irritation.

IF INHALED: vapours may be irritating to the respiratory system.

CHRONIC TOXICITY: this mixture contains a known carcinogen (tetrachloroethylene) and a suspected carcinogen (methylene chloride). This mixture may also have a toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system, kidney, liver and heart. Exposure this mixture may also cause reproductive effect with toxicity and damage to a foetus.

**Supporting Data** 

Acute Oral Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat) for the mixture is between

> 2000 and 5000 mg/kg. Data considered includes: Xylene 1590 mg/kg (mouse), tetrachloroethylene 2600mg/kg (rat), toluene 636 mg/kg (rat), methylene chloride 1410 mg/kg (rat); 1600mg/kg (rat, oral), Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

>15000mg/kg (rat).

Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated LD<sub>50</sub> (dermal, rat) for the mixture is >5000 Dermal

mg/kg. Data considered includes: Xylene >1700mg/kg, Naphtha (petroleum),

hydrodesulfurized heavy >3160 mg/kg (rabbit).

Using LC50's for ingredients, the calculated LC50 (inhalation, rat) for the mixture is Inhaled

>20mg/L (vapour). Data considered includes: Xylene 27.6 mg/L (rat, vapour), tetrachloroethylene 27mg/L (rat), toluene 12.5 - 28.8 mg/l (vapour, rat), methylene chloride 14400ppm/7h (mouse, inhalation); 52000mg/m<sup>3</sup> (rat, inhlation), Naphtha

(petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy >12mg/L (rat).

The mixture is considered to be an eye irritant. Xylene, tetrachloroethylene, toluene and Eye

methylene chloride are classed as eye irritant.

Skin The mixture is considered to be a skin irritant. Xylene, tetrachloroethylene, toluene,

naphtha (petroleum) and methylene chloride are classedd as skin irritants. No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer.

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen. Mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity The mixture is considered to be a known or presumed carcinogen. Tetrachloroethylene is

classed as a known carcinogen. Methylene chloride is a suspected carcinogen. Reproductive / The mixture is considered to be a suspected reproductive or developmental toxicant.

Developmental Xylene and toluene are suspected of causing reproductive/developmental toxicity. **Systemic** The mixture is considered to be a suspected target organ toxicant. Xylene and toluene

may affect the CNS. Tetrachloroethylene may affect the CNS, liver, heart and kidneys.

Aggravation of None known.

existing conditions

Sensitisation

#### 12. **Ecological Data**

Chronic

This mixture is considered toxic towards aquatic organisms with long lasting effects.

**Supporting Data** 

Aquatic Using EC50's for ingredients, the calculated EC50 for the mixture is between 1 mg/L and

> 10 mg/L and at least one of the components is either bioaccumulative or persistent in the aquatic environment. Data considered includes: Xylene 8.5mg/l (48hr, Palaemonetes pugio (Crustacea)), 3.3 mg/l (96hr, Oncorhynchus mykiss), 10mg/l (72hr, Skeletonema costatum ), not bioaccumulative, readily biodegradable. , tetrachloroethylene 0.2mg/L (72h, Algae), 4mg/L (96hr, Flagfish), 0.84mg/L (chronic, fathead minnow), 8.5mg/l (48hr, Daphnia magna), 0.4mg/L (21days. Daphnia magna). BCF: 25-8-77.1 (Cyprinus carpio, 56day), not degradable., toluene 5.8 mg/l (96hr, Oncorhynchus mykiss), 11.5 mg/l (48hr, Daphnia magna), 12.5mg/L (72hr, Algal), methylene chloride >100mg/L, Naphtha

> (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy 2200mg/L (96hr, fish), 2.6 mg/L (96hr, Crustacea).

No data for the mixture. Tetrachloroethylene log Ko/w >3.

**Bioaccumulation** Degradability Tetrachloroethylen is not easily biodegradable.

Soil No evidence of soil toxicity.

**Terrestrial vertebrate** Not considered as ecotoxic to terrestrial vertebrates. Using LD<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the

calculated LD<sub>50</sub> (oral, rat) for the mixture is >2000 mg/kg. See acute toxicity.

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence of toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates.

**Biocidal** no data

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# 13. Disposal Considerations

**Restrictions** There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

Disposal method Disposal of this product must comply with the requirements of the Resource Management

Act for which approval should be sought from the Regional Authority. The substance must be treated and therefore rendered non-hazardous before discharge to the

environment.

Contaminated packaging Rinse containers with water before disposal. Preferably re-cycle container, otherwise

send to landfill or similar.

## 14. Transport Information

Transport according to NZS 5433 (Transport of Hazardous Substances on Land). Considered a dangerous good for

transport.

UN number:1263Proper shipping name:PAINTClass(es)3Packing group:IIPrecautions:Flammable liquidHazchem code:3YE

# 15. Regulatory Information

This product is an approved substance under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO). Approval code: HSR002669, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Toxic [6.7]) Group Standard 2006.

Specific Workplace Controls (as per HSNO approval referenced to Controls Matrix)

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS To be available within 10 minutes in workplaces storing > any quantity.

Labelling No removal of labels and/or decanting of product into other containers can occur.

Emergency plan Required if > 1000L is stored.

Approved handler Required if > 10L is stored or used.

Tracking Not required.

Bunding & secondary containment Required if > 1000L is stored.

Signage Required if > 250L is stored.

Location test certificate Required if > 100L (containers >5L), 250L (containers ≤5L), 50L (in use) is stored in

any one location.

Flammable zone Must be established if > 100L (closed containers), 25L (decanting), 5L (open

occassionally), 1L (in use), stored in any one location is stored in any one location.

Fire extinguisher If > 250L present.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

#### **Other Legislation**

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



#### Other Information

**Abbreviations** 

**EPA** 

Approval HSR002669, Surface Coatings and Colourants (Flammable, Toxic [6.7]) Group **Approval Code** 

Standard 2006 Controls, EPA. www.epa.govt.nz **CAS Number** Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ceiling Ceiling Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed at any time.

**Controls Matrix** List of default controls linking regulation numbers to Matrix code (e.g. T1, I16).

EC<sub>50</sub> Ecotoxic Concentration 50% - concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

> population (e.g. daphnia, fish species) **Environmental Protection Authority**

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

**HSNO** Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

**IARC** International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

 $LD_{50}$ Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50% - concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

MSDS (SDS) Material Safety Data Sheet (or Safety Data Sheet)

**PES** Prescribed Exposure Standard means a WES or a biological exposure standard that is

prescribed in a regulation, a safe work instrument or an approval under HSNO (including

group standards).

**STEL** Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

**TWA** Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

**UEL** Upper Explosive Limit **UN Number United Nations Number** 

**WES** Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information Data

database (CCID).

**EPA Transfer Gazettes** Classifications and controls assigned for specific ingredients (consolidated gazette, 2004)

**WES 2013** 

The NZ Workplace Exposure Standards Effective from 2013, published by WorkSafe NZ

and available on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

**WES 2002** Workplace Exposure Standards published by the Occupational Safety and Health

Service, Department of Labour, January 2002, ISBN 0-477-03660-0. These are the WES

referred to under the Group Standard (HSNO approval) and may constitute a PES.

Suppliers SDS

Review

Other References:

Date Reason for review June 2016 Not applicable - new SDS

Update version June 2025

**Disclaimer** 

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely HSNO classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 9 940 30 80.

