



# 1. Identification of Substance & Company

## **Product**

Product name Swelltite®

**HSNO approval**Approval description
NA – non hazardous
Non hazardous

UN number NA
Proper Shipping Name NA
DG class NA
Packaging group NA
Hazchem code NA

**Uses** Waterproofing system

**Company Details** 

Company Allco Waterproofing Solutions

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 Telephone
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 Website
 www.allco.co.nz

## 2. Hazard Identification

#### **Approval**

This product is not considered hazardous under the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (HSNO), according to the criteria in the Hazardous substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

## **GHS Classes**

**Hazard Statements** 

None SYMBOLS none

## Other Classifications

This mixture contains crystalline silica (quartz). The following classification ONLY applies to this substance if it is in the form of a fine respirable dust in an occupational (chronic exposure) setting, e.g. if it has been dried, sanded or cut:

Carcinogenicity cat 1 H350 - May cause cancer if inhaled (contains crystalline silica)

STOT RE cat 1 H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

if inhaled. (may cause silicosis and effects to the lungs).

## **Precautionary Statements**

none

#### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS/ Identification	Conc (%)
Bentonite which may include up to 6%:	1302-78-9	95%
Crystalline silica	14808-60-7	<6%
Butyol rubber	proprietary	5%

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary. Trace quantities of impurities are also likely.

### 4. First Aid

# **General Information**

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. You should call the National Poisons Centre if you feel that you may have been harmed by this product. The number is 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON) (24 hr emergency service). **Recommended first aid**Ready access to running water is recommended.

facilities

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**Exposure** 

Do NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water to drink. Contact a doctor. Swallowed

If product gets in eyes, wash material from them with running water for several minutes. Eye contact

If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and

water. If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice/attention.

Inhaled If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

> breathing. If patient is unconscious, place in the recovery position (on the side) for transport and contact a doctor. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Immediately call a

There are no specific risks for fire/explosion for this chemical. It is non-combustible.

POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Advice to Doctor** 

Treat symptomatically

Firefighting Measures

Fire and explosion hazards:

Suitable extinguishing

substances: Unsuitable extinguishing

substances:

Products of combustion: Product does not burn

Product may decompose in a fire and produce toxic or corrosive fumes.

Protective equipment: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Safety boots, non-flammable overalls, gloves, hat

and eve protection.

Not applicable.

Unknown.

Hazchem code: NA

**Accidental Release Measures** 6.

Containment In all cases design storage to prevent discharge to stormwater.

In the event of a large spillage (>100kg) alert the fire brigade to location and give brief **Emergency procedures** 

description of hazard.

Prevent by whatever means possible any spillage from entering drains, sewers, or water

courses. (If this occurs contact your regional council immediately).

Clean-up method Collect product avoiding any dust formation, and seal in properly labelled containers or

drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise

local emergency services.

**Disposal** Sweep and collect recoverable material into labelled containers for recycling or salvage.

Recycle containers wherever possible. This material may be suitable for approved

landfill. Dispose of only in accord with all regulations.

The dust may form irritating atmosphere. Contaminated water will be strongly alkaline. Do **Precautions** 

not allow contaminated water to enter the environment.

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of

dust. Work up wind or increase ventilation.

**Storage & Handling** 

Storage Store in a cool dry place.

Avoid storage of harmful substances with food.

Avoid contact with incompatible substances as listed in Section 10.

During the manual handling of products please lift carefully - corners are sharp.

Minimise dust generation and accummulation. See section 8 with regard to personal protective equipment requirements. Avoid skin and eye contact and inhalation of masonry

dust.

**Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment** 

**Workplace Exposure Standards** 

A workplace exposure standard (WES) has not been established by WorkSafe NZ for this product. There is a general limit of 3mg/m3 for respirable particulates and 10mg/m3 for inhalable particulates when limits have not otherwise been established.

**NZ Workplace** Ingredient **WES-TWA** WES-STEL **Exposure Stds** 0.05mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable dust) Crystalline silica data unavailable

Handling





## **Engineering Controls**

In industrial situations, it is expected that employee exposure to hazardous substances will be controlled to a level as far below the WES as practicable by applying the hierarchy of control required by the Health and Safety at Work Act (2015) and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Exposure can be reduced by process modification, use of local exhaust ventilation, capturing substances at the source, or other methods. If you believe air borne concentrations of mists, dusts or vapours are high, you are advised to modify processes or increase ventilation.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment**

General Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) should not be used as the primary means of

exposure protection, except in the event of an accident or emergency situation or where

all other means of protection have proven to inadequate.

Clean PPE after use or dispose of as appropriate. Store PPE for re-use in a clean place. Regular training on the correct use of PPE should be provided. In particular the correct fitting and use of respirators and where applicable the cleaning of respirators should be

undertaken.

Eyes Protective eyewear is not normally necessary when using this product. However, it

always prudent to use protective eyewear if splashes are likely.

Skin If discomfort is felt (e.g., if pre-existing conditions exist, such as dermatitis, cuts or

sensitive skin), gloves may be helpful. If you suffer from dermatitis type skin conditions, use gloves. Replace frequently. Gloves should be checked for tears or holes before use. To prevent irritation a well fitted dust mask should be used (this is not recommended

when exposure is close to the WES). A fine particulate half or full face respirator with an effective seal is recommended when airborne concentrations approach the WES (section 8). If sanding, grinding, crushing or cutting material, it is possible that the silica dust WES will be exceeded hence a respirator will be required. If during exposure to a concentrated aqueous solution/slurry, dust and mist is likely, a full face respirator with a particulate filter

is recommended.

#### **WES Additional Information**

Not applicable

Respiratory

# 9. Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance solid
Odour not specified
pH no data

Vapour pressure 0.00004hPa (estimated)

Viscosity solid
Boiling point no data
Volatile materials 0%
Freezing / melting point no data

**Solubility** insoluble in water

Specific gravity / density no data
Flash point no data
Danger of explosion no data
Auto-ignition temperature no data
Upper & lower flammable limits
Corrosiveness non corrosive

# 10. Stability & Reactivity

Stability This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. This

product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

**Conditions to be avoided**Containers should be kept closed in order to avoid contamination.

Incompatible groups
Substance Specific
Incompatibility
Strong acids
none known

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not readily decompose. Hazardous respirable dust particles may be generated.

Hazardous reactions none known





## **Toxicological Information**

## **Summary**

IF SWALLOWED: Ingestion of this product may cause gastrointestinal irritation.

IF IN EYES: no effect anticipated. IF ON SKIN: no effect anticipated

IF INHALED: for the dust: Short term (acute) silicosis can occur with one-off exposures to extremely high levels of fine

crystalline silica dust. Other short term effects include irritation, choking and difficulty breathing.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: The dust does contain crystalline silica. Crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). The carcinogenicity of silica is related to long term (e.g., 10 years) inhalation of very fine particulate (e.g., from sand blasting or dry cutting of masonry). Carcinogenicity of silica appears linked to development of silicosis (see systematic below) followed by complications and, eventually lung cancer. In addition to silicosis there is some evidence that exposure to respirable crystalline silica may be linked to scleroderma and an increased risk of kidney disease.

#### **Supporting Data**

Using LD50's for ingredients, the calculated LD50 (oral, rat) for the mixture is >2000 mg/kg. Acute Oral

Data considered includes: bentonite >5000mg/kg.

Dermal No evidence of dermal toxicity.

No evidence of acute inhalation toxicity. Inhaled

The mixture is not considered to be an eye irritant. Eve Skin The mixture is not considered to be a skin irritant.

Chronic Sensitisation

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a sensitizer. Mutagenicity No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity This material does contain Crystalline silica which if inhaled in the form of quartz or

cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group 1). Crystalline Silica triggers carcinogen cat 1 classification (confirmed carcinogen). The carcinogenicity of silica is related to long term (e.g., 10 years) inhalation of very fine particulate (e.g., from sand blasting or dry cutting of quartz containing substrates). Carcinogenicity of silica appears linked to development of silicosis (see systematic

below) followed by complications and, eventually lung cancer

Reproductive / **Developmental Systemic** 

No ingredient present at concentrations > 0.1% is considered a reproductive or

developmental toxicant or have any effects on or via lactation.

Crystalline silica triggers STOT RE cat 1 classification if it is in the form of a fine respirable dust in an occupational (chronic exposure) setting. This is due to the development of silicosis which can occur following exposure to extremely high levels of fine silica dust. Silicosis is a type of pneumoconiosis - a disease of the lung that causes inflammation, scar tissue, lesions and fibrosis in the lung (alveolar). Symptoms include shortness of breath, cough, fever, loss of appetite and cyanosis (bluish skin). Silicosis can occur following prolonged exposure (e.g., 10 years) to relatively high levels of fine

crystalline silica dust.

Aggravation of existing conditions None known.

#### 12. **Ecological Data**

## **Summary**

This mixture may be harmful to aquatic organisms with long lasting effects. (Stoddard solvent)

## **Supporting Data**

Using EC<sub>50</sub>'s for ingredients, the calculated EC<sub>50</sub> for the mixture is between 10 mg/L and Aquatic

100 mg/L and at least one of the components is either bioaccumulative or persistent in

the aquatic environment.

Bioaccumulation NO considered bioaccumulative. Degradability not readily biodegradable

Soil Not consided ecotoxic in the soil environment. Not harmful towards terrestrial vertebrates **Terrestrial vertebrate** 

Terrestrial invertebrate No evidence to toxicity towards terrestrial invertebrates

**Biocidal** Not biocidal

**Environmental effect levels** No EELs are available for this mixture or ingredients



# 13. Disposal Considerations

Restrictions There are no product-specific restrictions, however, local council and resource consent

conditions may apply, including requirements of trade waste consents.

**Disposal method**Disposal of this product must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice

2017 and the requirements of the Resource Management Act for which approval should

be sought from the Regional Authority.

**Contaminated packaging**Disposal of contaminated packaging must comply with the Hazardous Substances

(Disposal) Notice 2017 clause 12. Ensure that the package is rendered incapable of containing any substance and is disposed in a manner that is consistent with the requirements of the substance it contained and the material of the package. If possible

reuse or recycle packaging.

# 14. Transport Information

Land Transport Rule: Dangerous Goods 2005 - NZS 5433:2007

There are no specific restrictions for this product (not a dangerous good).

UN number:NAProper shipping name:NAClass(es)NAPacking group:NAPrecautions:NAHazchem code:NA

## 15. Regulatory Information

This substance is not considered to be hazardous under HSNO. All ingredients appear on the NZIoC.

#### **Specific Controls**

Key workplace requirements are:

SDS Not required (non hazardous), but best practice to have the SDS available.

Inventory An inventory of all hazardous substances must be prepared and maintained.

Packaging All hazardous substances should be appropriately packaged including substances

that have been decanted, transferred or manufactured for own use or have been

supplied

Labelling Must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Labelling) Notice 2017.

Not required. Emergency plan Certified handler Not required. Not required. Tracking Bunding & secondary containment Not required. Signage Not required. Location compliance certificate Not required. Flammable zone Not required. Fire extinguisher Not required.

Note: The above workplace requirements apply if only this particular substance is present. The complete set of controls for a location will depend on the classification and total quantities of other substances present in that location.

## **Other Legislation**

In New Zealand, the use of this product may come under the Resource Management Act and Regulations, the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, local Council Rules and Regional Council Plans.



#### 16. Other Information

**Abbreviations** 

**Approval Code** 

Approval HSR002603, Lubricants (Flammable) Group Standard 2006 Controls, EPA.

www.epa.govt.nz

**EC**<sub>50</sub> Ecotoxic Concentration 50% − concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

**EPA** Environmental Protection Authority (New Zealand)

**GHS** Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals, 7<sup>th</sup> revised

edition, 2017, published by the United Nations.

**HAZCHEM Code** Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services, especially fire fighters

**HSNO** Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (Act and Regulations)

International Agency for Research on Cancer

**LEL** Lower Explosive Limit

**LD**<sub>50</sub> Lethal Dose 50% – dose which is fatal to 50% of a test population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% – concentration in air which is fatal to 50% of a test population

(usually rats)

NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne concentration of a chemical or

biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the

TWA is not exceeded

**STOT RE**System Target Organ Toxicity – Repeated Exposure
STOT SE
System Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure

Time Weighted Average – generally referred to WES averaged over typical work day

(usually 8 hours)

UELUpper Explosive LimitUN NumberUnited Nations Number

WES Workplace Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or chemical

agent to which a worker may be exposed during work hours (usually 8 hours, 5 days a week). The WES relates to exposure that has been measured by personal monitoring

using procedures that gather air samples in the worker's breathing zone.

References

Unless otherwise stated comes from the EPA HSNO chemical classification information

database (CCID).

**EPA Notices** www.epa.govt.nz

WES The latest NZ Workplace Exposure Standards, published by WorkSafe NZ and available

on their web site - www.worksafe.govt.nz.

Other References: Suppliers SDS

Review

DateReason for reviewMay 2022Not applicable – new SDS

#### **Disclaimer**

This SDS was prepared by Datachem LTD and is based on our current state of knowledge, including information obtained from suppliers. The SDS is given in good faith and constitutes a guideline (not a guarantee of safety). The level of risk each substance poses is relevant to its properties (as summarised in the SDS) AND HOW THE SUBSTANCE IS USED. While guidelines are given for personal protective equipment, such precautions must be relevant to the use. The likely GHS classifications for this SDS have been estimated based on general information from the supplier (e.g., hazard, toxicological). This SDS is copyright Datachem and must not be copied, edited or used for other than intended purpose. To contact the SDS author, email info@datachem.co.nz or phone: +64 21 1040951

